**Sở GD-ĐT Tỉnh………… Kiểm tra chất lượng HKI - Năm học**

 **Tr­ường THPT ………… Môn: Tiếng Anh 11 Ban CB**

 Thời gian: 45 phút

Họ tên học sinh: . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .SBD: . . . . . . . . .Lớp: 11A . . .

# MÃ ĐỀ 01

1. **Choose the word whose main stress is placed differently from the others in each group:**

 **Câu 1. A.** escape **B.** carpet **C.** table **D.** window

 **Câu 2.**  **A.** dictation **B.** colonnate **C.** Vietnamese **D.** lemonate

**II.** **Circle the word with the italic sound different from that of the others in each group.**

 **Câu 3.** **A.** *u*nion **B.** *u*niversity **C.** *u*nder**D.** *u*seful

 **Câu 4.** **A.** *ch*eck **B.** *ch*urched **C.** *ch*olera **D.** *chemistry*

 **Câu 5.** **A.**want*ed* **B.** paint*ed* **C.** open*ed* **D.** provid*ed*

**III. choosethe best answer**

**Câu 6.** My sister won’t have dinner ............... 11.30 p.m.

A.in B.on C.at D.with

**Câu7**. Hello, My name’s John. \_\_\_\_\_\_ to meet you.

A. Please B. Pleased C. I’m very well D. Thank you

**Câu 8**. A: “Thank you for the lovely present.” –B: “\_\_\_\_\_\_”

A. Go ahead B. Not at all C. Come on D. I’m pleased you like it

 **Câu 9.** The man sitting next to me on the plane was nervous becausehe................. before.

 **A.** didn't fly **B.** hasn't flown **C.** wasn't flying **D.** hadn't flown

 **Câu 10.** If I had enough money, --------------.

 **A.** I will buy that house **B.** I am buy that house **C.** I could buy that house **D.** I can buy that house

 **Câu 11.** He was sitting in the garden when \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .

 **A.** the storm had broken **B.** the storm has broken**C.** the storm breaks **D.** the storm brokes

 **Câu 12.** Tim was washing his hair while \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

 **A.** I had cleaned up the kitchen **B.** I was cleaning up the kitchen

 **C.** I am cleaning up the kitchen **D.** I cleaned up the kitchen

 **Câu 13.** "It was kind of you to give me a gift" Linda said to Hoa.

 **A.** Linda blamed Hoa for giving her a gift **B.** Linda thanked Hoa for giving her a gift

 **C.** Linda apologized Hoa for giving her a gift **D.** Linda reminded Hoa for giving her a gift

 **Câu 14.** We didn't visit the museum because we had no time.

 **A.** If we had had time, we would have visited the museum.

 **B.** If we had had time, we will have visited the museum.

 **C.** If we have time, we will visit the museum.

 **D.** If we had time, we would visit the museum.

 **Câu 15.** "Nam,you shouldn't spend so much money on gambling"

 **A.** She advised Nam to spend so much money on gambling

 **B.** She told Nam not to spend so much money on gambling

 **C.** She told Nam to spend so much money on gambling

 **D.** She advised Nam not to spend so much money on gambling

 **Câu 16.** I can't bear thinking back of that time. I'd rather -------------- equally.

 **A.** be treated **B.** treating **C.** treat **D.** have treated

 **Câu 17.** If energy ------------- inexpensive and unlimited, many things in the world would be different.

 **A.** will be **B.** is **C.** were **D.** would be

 **Câu 18.** Japanese usually………….. their houses with some small pine tree

 **A.** traditional **B.** decorate **C.** Celebrate **D.** represent

 **Câu 19.** My father wanted me -------------- an engineer.

 **A.** become **B.** to become **C.** becoming **D.** became

 **Câu 20.** "Would you like to have dinner with me today?"David said to Jane

 **A.** David invited Jane to having dinner with him that day

 **B.** David invited Jane to have dinner with him today

 **C.** David invited Jane to have dinner with him that day

 **D.** David invited Jane to have dinner with me that day

 **Câu 21.** When he arrived at the station, his train ............

 **A.** already left **B.** already leave **C.** has already left **D.** had already left

 **Câu 22.** "I'm sorry I have to leave so early', he said.

 **A.** He apologized to have to leave early. **B.** He apologized for having to leave early.

 **C.** He apologized to have left early **D.** He apologized that he has to leave early

 **Câu 23.** Shirley ............her day off yesterday

 **A.** has enjoyed **B.** had enjoyed **C.** enjoys **D.** enjoyed

 **Câu 24.** "I'm happy to know that you pass the exame. Congratulations!", Jim said to Mary.

 **A.** Jim congratulated Mary on passing the exame **B.** Jim congratulated Mary to pass the exame

 **C.** Jim congratulated Mary on pass the exame **D.** Jim congratulated Mary to passing the exame

 **Câu 25.** Mary and I are looking forward -------------- you.

 **A.** to see **B.** of seeing **C.** to seeing **D.** for seeing

 **Câu 26.** It was a nasty memory. Do you remember both of us wearing sunglasses to avoid -------------- by the supervisors?

 **A.** to recognize **B.** being recognized **C.** recognizing **D.** to be recognized

 **Câu 27.** The ……………flowers for Tet are peach flowers and apricot plossom

 **A.** popular **B.** Celebrate **C.** represen **D.** Traditional

 **Câu 28.** Golden wedding ……… is the day exactly 50 years after a marriage, often celebrated with a party.

 **A.** celebration **B.** Anniversary **C.** occasion **D.** holiday

 **Câu 29.** ………….wedding anniversary is the day exactly 25 years after a marriage,

 **A.** Silver **B.** ion **C.** golden **D.** copper

 **Câu 30.** "I'll wait for you. I promise" he said to me

 **A.** He promised to wait for me **B.** He promised to waiting for me

 **C.** He promised wait for me… **D.** He promised to wait for her

**III.**  **Choose the underlined part among A, B, C or D that needs correcting.**

 **Câu 31.** While I did my homework, I had a good idea.

 A B C D

 **Câu 32.** When I came in, everyone were watching a film.

 A B C D

 **Câu 33.** We're looking forward to see you again.

 A B C D

 **Câu 34.** It is very kind on you to help me.

 A B C D

 **Câu 35.** When I arrived home, my father was reading the newspaper and my mother watched TV.

 A B C D

**IV.** **Read the passage carefully, then choose the correct answer.**

In an early survey conducted in 1888, a billion and a half people inhabited the earth. Now, the population is about six billion and is growing fast. Even though the rate of growth has begun to slow down, most people believe the population size may be eight billion during the next several years.

If we examine the amount of land available for this ever increasing population, we begin to see the problem. Not all land is useful to us because it cannot produce food. We can cut out about one fifth of it because it is covered by snow and ice. Then we can cut out another fifth because it is desert. Another fifth is mountains. The other fifth does not have enough soil for crops to grow because it is bare rock. Obviously, with so little land to support us, we should take great care not to reduce it any more or with the rapidly growing population we may sooner or later lack food to eat and place to live in.

 **Câu 36.** The world's population \_\_\_\_\_\_ at present

 A. is decreasing rapidly B. stands at about eight billion C. has stopped growing D. is still growing

 **Câu 37**. What is the main topic of the passage?

 A. he necessity of reducing the rate of birth. B. The growth of the world's population.

 C. The shortage of cultivated land. D. The world's population and the shortage of cultivated land.

 **Câu 38**. Which of the following sentences is not true according to the passage?

 A. The rapid growth of population may lead to a shortage of land.

B. Only one fifth of the world's land is being cultivated.

 C. Most of the world's land are uncultivated.

 D. There has been a dramatic reduction of the birth rate

 **Câu 39.** Which of the following is closest in meaning to the word 'bare' in the second paragraph?

 A. empty B. treeless C. hard D. rough

 **Câu 40.** According to the passage, we \_\_\_\_\_\_

 A. should protect land B. are not influenced by the land reduction

 C. can cultivate on all land. D. can grow crops on bare rock

# ĐÁP ÁN MÃ ĐỀ 01

01. A; 02. A; 03. C; 04. C; 05. D; 06. C; 07. A; 08. D; 09. D; 10. C; 11. A; 12. B; 13. B; 14. C; 15. D; 16. A; 17. C; 18. B; 19. B; 20. C; 21. D; 22. B; 23. D; 24. A; 25. B; 26. B; 27. D; 28. B; 29. A; 30. A; 31. A; 32. C; 33. C; 34. B; 35. D; 36. D; 37. B; 38. D; 39. B; 40. A;

**SỞ GIÁO DỤC VÀ ĐÀO TẠO ………. ĐỀ KIỂM TRA HẾT HỌC KỲ I**

 **TRƯỜNG THPT ………. MÔN: TIẾNG ANH - LỚP 11**

..........🙘 🕮 🙚…….. **(*Thời gian làm bài 60 phút)***

# MÃ ĐỀ 02

 **SECTION A (8 points)**

 ***Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.***

 **Question 1:** **A.**machine **B.** children **C.** church **D.**change

**Question 2:** **A.** called **B.** flooded **C.** suffered **D.** issued

**Question 3:**  **A.** flood **B.** good **C.** foot **D.** look

**Question 4:** **A.** sneaky **B.** confident **C.** teenage **D.** finger

**Question 5:** **A.** closets **B.** shows **C.** rats **D.** weeks

***Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 6 to 12.***

Preparations for Tet, Vietnamese New Year, start two or three months before the actual celebrations. People try to pay off their debts in advance so that they can be debt-free on Tet. Parents buy new clothes for their children so that the children can wear them when Tet arrives. Because a lot of commercial activities will cease during the celebrations people try to stock up on supplies as much as possible.

 In the days leading up to Tet, the streets and markets are full of people. Everyone is busy buying food, clothes, and decorating for their house. Each family prepares some special foods for the holiday. Those who live far away from home will try to come home to celebrate Tet with **their** family. Vietnamese families usually have a family altar to pay respect to their ancestors. During Tet the altar is thoroughly cleaned and new offerings are placed there.

 On New Year’s Eve each home is thoroughly cleaned and decorated with flowers and offerings for ancestors by the night before Tet. Many people stay up until midnight to welcome the New Year or go to the pagoda to pray for luck, prosperity, and happiness.

 In the morning, actual Tet celebrations begin. The first day of Tet is reserved for the nuclear family. In big cities, the streets are usually empty as most people stay at home or leave the city to visit their close relatives in the countryside. Usually, children dress their new clothes and give their elders the traditional Tet greetings before receiving the lucky money.

**Question 6:** This passage is about\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**A.** New Year’s Eve **B.** the first day of the New Year

**C.** preparation for Tet and Tet holiday **D.** paying debt before Tet

**Question 7:** Vietnamese children \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**A.** have to pay off debt before Tet **B.** should not receive any money during Tet

**C.** are not allowed to wear new clothes **D.** receive lucky money from adults during Tet

**Question 8:** Which is NOT mentioned as a preparation for Tet?

**A.** Visiting friends and relatives **B.** Cooking special foods

**C.** Decorating houses **D.** Paying off debts

**Question 9:** Which is NOT referred during Tet celebration?

**A.** Going to the pagoda **B.** The increasing of commercial activities

**C.** Visiting relatives **D.** Wearing new clothes

**Question 10 :** Vietnamese families \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**A.** do not celebrate Tet if they are poor **B.** only celebrate Tet when they are wealthy

**C.** have an altar to worship their ancestors **D.** gather in the streets on the first day of Tet

**Question 11:** This passage above may be from\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**A.** a letter **B.** a public announcement **C.** a tourist magazine **D.** a cooking book

Question 12: The word “their” in paragraph 2 refers to \_\_\_\_\_.

A. people trying to pay off their debts B. people busy buying food

C. people living far away from home D. people preparing some special foods

***Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 24 to 28.***

A beauty contest, or beauty pageant, is a competition between people, largely on the (13) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of their physical appearance. The modern beauty pageant can trace its origin to the Miss America pageant, first held in Atlantic City, New Jersey, in 1921, under the title ‘Inter-City Beauty' contest. The following year the title was (14) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ as Miss America. Other contests include the yearly Miss World competition and Miss Universe, which are the two largest and most famous (15) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ beauty contests. Women from around the world (16) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in the competition for these titles. To be selected as Miss World or Miss Universe, a contestant must be celibate or single. If a Miss WorId fails to live up to people's expectations, she may be disqualified. The organizers of the major beauty contests represent their contests as being events of world importance. (17) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ many other people consider beauty contests to be agreeable entertainment event of no great importance.

**Question 13:A.** beautiful **B.** beautify **C.** beauty **D.** beautifully

**Question 14:A.** renewed **B.** removed **C.** renamed **D.** retained

**Question 15:A.** nation **B.** national **C.** internationale **D.** international

**Question 16:A.** participate **B.** interest **C.** excite **D.** involve

**Question 17:A.** Besides **B.** However **C.** Therefore **D.** Furthermore

***Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.***

**Question 18:** Since the liberation, the lifestyle of my village have changed.

**A.** way of life **B.** daily life **C.** social life **D.** life span

**Question 19:** Mid-Autumn Festival is one of two grandest festivals in Vietnam.

**A.** longest **B.** biggest **C.** oldest **D.** Happiest

**Question 20:** Some high school students take part in helping the **handicapped.**

**A.** soldiers **B.** sponsors **C.** the disabled **D.** martyrs

***Identify the one underlined word or phrase: A, B, C, or D that must be changed for the sentence to be correct. Mark your choice on the answer sheet.***

**Question 21:** They knew I had been to London and asked me how it was like.

**A.** to **B.** and **C.** how **D.** like

**Question 22:** A person who stays at home all the time soon gets fed up of everything.

**A.** stays **B.** all **C.** soon **D.** of

**Question 23:** . Learn English is very interesting

**A.** Learn **B.** English **C.** very **D.** interesting

**Question 24:** . Joyce thanked us inviting them to dinner and said that they wanted to go .

**A.** to go **B.** us inviting **C.** said **D.** to dinner

**Question 25:** It was suggested that Pedro studies the material more thoroughly before attempting to pass the exam.

**A.** studies **B.** more **C.** attempting **D.** to pass

***Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.***

**Question 26:** By the time we arrived, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .

**A.** he left for the office **B.** he has left for the office

**C.** he had left for the office **D.** he were leaving for the office

**Question 27:** \_\_\_\_\_\_ your father was in hospital, I \_\_\_\_\_\_ to visit him.

**A.** Should I know / would go **B.** Had I known / would go

**C.** Had I known / would have gone **D.** Had I known / would have went

**Question 28:**.All the teachers work on an entirely \_\_\_\_\_\_ basis.

**A.** volunteer **B.** volunteered **C.** voluntary **D.** voluntarily

**Question 29:** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for more than four hours, I felt tired and hungry.

A. Having worked **B.** have worked **C.** Having been worked **D.** have been worked

**Question 30.** Volunteers help the disadvantaged and handicapped children to difficulties.

**A.** get out **B.** over go **C.** overcome **D.** overdo

**Question 31.** She is looking forward to you again.

**A.** meet **B.** meeting **C.** met **D.** be met

**Question 32.** in exams is considered a serious crime at school.

**A.** Cheating **B.** Playing tricks **C.** Treating **D.** Telling jokes

**Question** **33**. In tonight's quiz, our \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ have come from all over the country.

**A.** observers **B.** losers **C.** winners **D.** contestants

**Question** **34.** When we \_\_\_\_\_\_ to see him last night, he \_\_\_\_\_\_ to music.

**A.** come / is listening **B.** had come / listened

**C.** came / was listening **D.** were coming / had listened

**Question** **35 .** He has to work very hard to earn enough to\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ his large family.

**A.** celebrate **B.** limit **C.** support **D.** reach

**Question 36**. He doesn't spend much time \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ his lessons.

**A.** to prepare **B.** prepare **C.** prepares **D.** preparing

**Question 37:** \_\_\_\_\_\_ had the van turned the corner than the wheel came off.

**A.** No longer **B.** Hardly **C.** Scarcely **D.** No sooner

**Question 38:** Only when you grow up \_\_\_\_\_\_ the truth.

**A.** will you know **B.** you will know **C.** do you know **D.** you know

**Question 39:** These letters \_\_\_\_\_\_ at the moment. You can do the typing tomorrow.

**A.** needn’t have typed **B.** need to type **C.** needn’t be typed **D.** need typing

**Question** **40:** I suddenly caught him\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_in the bathroom.

**A.** smoke **B.** to smoke **C.** smoked **D.** smoking

**SECTION B (2 points)**

 ***I. Complete the sentences, using the correct form of the words in brackets. Write your answers on your answer sheet.***

**Question 41:** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_all the rules of chess, the contestants started to play the first game. (learn)

**Question 42:** Marta doesn't like to have her picture taken. She avoids\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (photograph).

**Question 43:** How many \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_are there in the competition? ( participate)

**Question 44:** After graduating, many students take part in helping children in some \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

( orphan)

**Question 45:** Many species of plants and animals are in\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of extinction.( dangerous)

***II. Finish each of the following sentences in such a way that it means the same as the sentence printed before it. Write your answers on your answer sheet.***

**Question 46:** Learning English is not difficult.

→ It is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**Question 47:** We started working on this project a year ago.

→ We have\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**Question 48:** “Don’t forget to take your mobile phone.” James said to Daisy.

→ James reminded \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**Question 49:** He is so exhausted that he won’t be able to go out tonight.

→ John is too \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**Question 50:** “ Don’t play with the dog any more, Peter” Mrs Jones said

→ Mrs Jones warned \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

# ĐÁP ÁN MÃ ĐỀ 02

**Question 41:** Having learned

**Question 42:** being photographed

**Question 43:** participants

**Question 44:** orphanages

**Question 45:** danger

**Question 46:** It is not difficult to learn English.

**Question 47:** We have worked/ been working on this project for a year.

**Question 48:** James reminded Daisy to take his mobile phone.

**Question 49:** John is too exhausted (to be able) to go out tonight.

**Question 50:** Mrs Jones warned Peter not to play/ against playing with the dog any more.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **SỞ GD-ĐT ……….****TRƯỜNG THPT …………………………****\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*** |  **ĐỀ KIỂM TRA CHẤT LƯỢNG HỌC KỲ I KHỐI 11**Môn: **TIẾNG ANH**Thời gian: ***45*** phút (không kể thời gian giao đề) |

Họ và tên: ……………………………. –  Lớp: ………….. –  Số báo danh: ……….

# MÃ ĐỀ 03

***Question 1: Choose a word in each line that has the underlined part pronounced differently from the rest:***

1. A. agree B. arrange C. area D. award

2. A. changeable B. chemistry C. champion D. church

3. A. usually B. unhealthy C. usefulness D. university

4. A. whole B. whale C. water D. window

 ***Question 2: choose a word in each line that has the different stress pattern.***

5. A. floppy B. idol C. cotton D. decide

6. A. extremely B. excited C. personal D. imagine

7. A. sneaky B. notice C. open D. around

8. A. birthday B. reply C. schoolbag D. money

 ***Question 3: Choose the best answer to fill in each gap to complete the sentences.***

9.Those ladies often go to pagoda to pray \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ happiness and luck.

 A. for B. to C. on D. into

10. Of the three sisters, Mary is the most beautiful \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .

 A. someone B. anyone C. everyone D. one

11.The whole family usually try to get-together at Christmas.

 A. contact B. gather C. relate D.communicate

12.Tet is a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ occasiom for all members of famillies to gather.

 A. special B. specially C. specialize D. specializing

13-.A: Would you like some more tea?-B:\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

 A. Yes, thanks B. No, please. C. Yes, please D. You are welcome

14. Would you mind\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_for a moment ?

A. waits B. waiting C. to wait D. wait

15. John \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ helping him carrying the package

 A. thanked me for B. asked me to C. told me to thank D. said thank you me

16. John suggested \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_to the new branch in Vietnam

 A. appointing B. to appoint C. being appointed D. to be appointed

17. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is the day when people celebrate the largest full moon in the year

A. Thanksgiving B. Valentine’s Day C.Mid-Autumn FestivalD.Tet holiday

18\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_out of the window, he saw the cat climbing over the fence.

 A. Look B. Being looked C. Looking D. To look

19. They volunteer to work in remote or\_\_\_\_\_\_\_areas to provide education for children.

 A. mountain B. mountainous C. high D. low

20. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_in some developing countries may be the cause of poverty and hunger.

 A.Modernization B.Literacy C.Pollution D.Overpopulation

21. They …. on the street when it rained

A. was walking B. walked C. walks D. were walking

22. What would you like to drink? - \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

 A. Thank you B. Coffee, please C. Yes, please D. No, I don’t

23. How many \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ are there in the competition?

 A. participates B. participants C. participations D. participating

24. I would like to take part in the competitions like these?

 A. contests B. rivals C. participation D. races

25. My brother suggested \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to the movies tonight.

A. to go B. going C. go D. goes

26. Your idea is quite different \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ mine.

 A. to B. with C. about D. from

27. My friends congratulated me \_\_\_\_\_\_\_the final examination.

A. passing B. for passing C. about passing D. on passing

28. The lawn needs mowing again.

 A. repairing B. making C. bending D. cutting

29. Banh Chung is made\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ sticky rice, green beans and fatty pork.

 A. on B. from C. with D. by

***Question 4: There is a mistake in four underlined parts of each sentence. Find the mistake:***

30. My brother has always dreamed to be a famous film star .

                              A                              B           C           D

31. The rain prevented us for climbing to the top of the mountain

 A B C D

32. If you came to my party yesterday, you would have seen your former friend.

 A B C D

33. Who suggested come here for the picnic ?

 A B C D

34. Could you telling me the way to the post office?

 A B C D

***Question5: Read the following passage then choose the word A,B,C or D that best fits each of the blank spaces.***

More and more young people are ... (35) ... voluntary work abroad. The wild variety of jobs and destinations available is making it an increasingly attractive option for those who have just left school and have a year free before university. Many choose to spend these twelve months working in poor countries. There they will earn little ... (36) ... no money. But they will be doing something useful - and enjoying the experience.

 The work may ... (37) ... of helping the local communities, for example by helping to build new road or provide water supplies to isolated rural villages. Other projects may concentrate more on conservation or environmental protection. ... (38) ... kind of job it is, it is certain to be ... (39) ... and worthwhile, and an experience that will never be forgotten.

35.A. doing B. making C. taking D. getting

36. A. with B. but C. or D. and

37.A. consist B. include C. contain D. involve

38. A. Any B. What C. However D. Whatever

39. A. challenging B. dangerous C. difficult D. attracted

***Question6: Read the following passage, then choose the item (A, B, C or D)that best answer each of the question about it:***

Every four years people all over the world watch the Olympic Games. It is a time for all kinds of people to unite in peace. Some of them join together to compete for gold medals. Millions of other people watch them on television.

Why do we have the Olympic? How did they begin?

The first Olympic Games were in Greece in 776 B.C. There was only one event. People ran a nice the length of the stadium. The Games lasted one day.

Slowly people added more events. The Games were only for men, and women could not even watch them. Only Greeks competed. They came from all parts of the Greek world. The time of the Games way; a time of peace, and government let everyone travel safely. The winners became national heroes.

The first modem Games were in 1896 in Athens. The Greeks built a new stadium for the competition. Athletes from several countries competed. Then there were Olympics every four years in different cities in Europe and the United States until 1952. After that they were in Melbourne, Tokyo, Mexico City, and Montreal besides in European cities. Each year there were athletes from more nations. The first Winter Olympics were in 1924. The athletes compete in skiing and other winter sports.

40.How often do people all over the world watch the Olympic Games ?

A.every 4 years B. 4 years C.2 years D. every 4 year

41. Where were the cities where the Olympics were held between 1896 and 1952?

A. In European and South American countries.

B. In European countries only.

C. In European countries and the United States.

D. In Japan, Australia and North American and European countries

42. How long after the founding of the modern Olympics were the Winter Olympics introduced?

A. 20 years B. 24 years C. 28 years D. 32 years

43. In what city were the 1952 Olympic Games held?

A. New York B. Melbourne C. Moscow D. London

44. Which sport is competed in the Winter Olympic?

A. Running

B. Skiing

C. Horse racing

D. Car racing

***Question 7:Choose the sentence A, B, C or D which is closest meaning to the sentence above***

***45. "I didn't break the mobile phone," Lan said***.

 A. Lan denied breaking the mobile phone.

 B. Lan admitted breaking the mobile phone.

 C. Lan prevented us from breaking the mobile phone

 D. Lan promised to break the mobile phone.

46***. “Let me pay for the coffee. I really want.”***

A. Jenny told me to pay for the coffee

B. Jenny is asked to pay for the coffee

C. Jenny insisted on paying for the coffee

D. Jenny suggested paying for the coffee

***47. The bag was heavy, so we could not take it with us.***

A. If the bag was not heavy, we would take it with us.

B. Unless the bag had not been heavy, we would have taken it with us.

C. If had the bag not been heavy, we would have taken it with us.

D. Had the bag not been heavy, we would have taken it with us

48. ***“Why don’t you put a better lock on the door?" said John.***

A. John suggested to put a better lock on the door.
B. John asked why not putting a better lock on the door.
C. John suggested putting a better lock on the door.
D. John made us put a better lock on the door.

***49. “ If I were you, I wouldn’t buy that coat,” she said.***

A. She said if she were me, she wouldn’t buy that coat

B. She said if I were you, she wouldn’t buy that coat.
C. She said if she were me, I wouldn’t buy that coat

D. She said if she were me, she wouldn’t buy this coat.

**50“*I’m sorry I have to leave so early,” he said.***

A. He apologized for having to leave early.

B. He apologized to have to leave early.

C. He apologized that he has to leave early.

D. He apologized to have left early.

# ĐÁP ÁN ĐỀ 03

1.C; 2.B; 3.B; 4.A; 5.D; 6.C; 7.D; 8.B; 9.A; 10.D; 11.B; 12.A; 13.C; 14.B; 15.A; 16.C; 17.C; 18.C; 19.B; 20.D; 21.D; 22.B; 23.B; 24.A; 25.B; 26.D; 27.D; 28.D; 29.B; 30.B; 31.B; 32.B; 33.B; 34.B; 35.A; 36.C; 37.A; 38.A; 39.D; 40.A; 41.C; 42.C; 43.A; 44.B; 45.A; 46.C; 47.D; 48.C; 49.A; 50.A