

MÃ ĐỀ 401

Họ và tên thí sinh:.....

Số báo danh:.....

**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best completes each of the following exchanges from 1 to 2.**

**Question 1:** *Tim and his friend had a quarrel last week and now Tom is giving Tim advice.*

- **Tom:** "I think the best way to solve that problem is to keep silent."

- **Tim:** " \_\_\_\_\_. Silence may kill our friendship."

A. I'm not wrong

B. Yes, I think much

C. That's not a good idea

D. That's a great idea

**Question 2:** *Tam and Minh are talking about their future plans.*

- **Tam:** "I am not interested in the idea of taking a gap year and doing volunteer work overseas."

- **Minh:** "Well, \_\_\_\_\_."

A. I am

B. help yourself

C. that's life

D. neither do I

**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions from 3 to 5.**

**Question 3:** My friends get lost on the campus of their university a few days ago.

A. campus

B. days

C. get

D. university

**Question 4:** Each of the beautiful apartments in the buildings was quickly sold to their new owner.

A. quickly

B. of the

C. their

D. was

**Question 5:** Compared to some other types of cardio equipment, a stationery bicycle puts less stress on your joints, but it still provides an excellent aerobic workout.

A. stationery

B. cardio

C. workout

D. Compared to

**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions from 6 to 7.**

**Question 6:** A. talk

B. back

C. hat

D. bag

**Question 7:** A. breath

B. theme

C. north

D. these

**Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 8 to 14.**

Back in the 1980s and early 1990s, when Africans first realized that tourism might be a way out of their desperate poverty, they built big concrete hotels on the beaches of Kenya, South Africa and other countries. For some time numerous charter flights came from Germany and Italy. Tourists hoping to see lions in nature reserves - but also expecting to eat sauerkraut and enjoy the other comforts of home - packed into overcrowded resorts that were trying to look like the Mediterranean.

That was then. Fortunately, a new kind of travel is in fashion now. Today's tourists are leaving the European-style hotels for more authentic experiences, like horseback riding through the bush. Sitting by the fire at night after a typical dinner of meat stew, pumpkin leaves and wild spinach, they listen to the local Xhosa themselves, through a small, locally run firm called Amadiba Adventures. The money earned will provide the Xhosa tour guides with incomes two and a half times the average local wage.

In many ways, this vacation represents the future of global tourism - an industry on the road to fast growth and change. Despite difficulties, international and domestic tourism is expected to boom over the next two decades due to a rise in global wealth, improving transport technology, cheaper flights and the use of the Internet as a travel than ever before. The World Tourism Organization expects that number to increase to more than 1 billion by 2010. Tomorrow's tourists will come from new places; the number of Asian, and particularly Chinese, tourists is predicted to explode as that region becomes more integrated into the global economy.

Future tourists will also want to do different things. While sun-and-sea tourism still dominates, overcrowding and time pressures mean that the standard two-week beach vacation is becoming less popular. Rather than spending two weeks on a beach, workaholic Americans and Europeans are taking shorter but more varied trips, causing the rapid development of adventure travel, ecotourism, cultural tours, spa holidays, cruises

and sports vacations in ever more distant places: China, the Maldives, Botswana. Western travellers who have “been there and done that” choose more exotic, individualized experiences. Local governments and firms are trying hard to satisfy this new demand, which offers **them** the opportunity to make huge profits from tourism.

(Adapted from Oxford Exam Excellence by Danuts Gryes et al.)

**Question 8:** Which would be the most suitable title for the passage?

- A. Getting off the beaten track
- B. An old trend in travelling is back
- C. Tourism in Africa
- D. The future of tourism in Europe

**Question 9:** The word “**desperate**” in paragraph 1 is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. extensive
- B. hopeless
- C. prolonged
- D. depressed

**Question 10:** According to the passage, why many tourists are now less interested in European-style hotels?

- A. They want to feel more connected to nature.
- B. They want to learn how to live like a local.
- C. They like buying a horse to bring home.
- D. They want to have more authentic experiences.

**Question 11:** The phrase “**in fashion**” in paragraph 2 mostly means \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. modern
- B. expensive
- C. stylish
- D. beautiful

**Question 12:** The word “**them**” in paragraph 4 refers to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. travel agencies
- B. tourists
- C. Western travelers
- D. local governments and firms

**Question 13:** Which of the following is **TRUE**, according to the passage?

- A. African tour guides earn less than people doing other jobs.
- B. There are no African agencies providing services to European tourists.
- C. The number of Chinese tourists travelling to other parts of the world is expected to increase dramatically.
- D. Hotels built in Africa in the 1980s and early 1990s were totally different from European hotels.

**Question 14:** Which of the following can be inferred from the passage?

- A. China is the first Asian country to allow its citizens to travel to far-flung destinations.
- B. International tourism suffer from big losses due to the impacts of a global recession.
- C. Travelling companies are making an effort to bring exciting travelling experiences to tourists.
- D. Traditional tourism is still appreciated by a large number of senior citizens.

**Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 15 to 19.**

More and more young people are choosing to take a gap year between finishing school and starting university. Alternatively, they may decide to take a gap year between graduating from university and starting a career, feeling the need for some time out before joining the rat race. Most students see the time as an opportunity to travel. The idea of travelling to as many foreign places as possible appeals greatly.

A large percentage of gap-year students have wealthy parents who can easily **subsidize** their travel. Others have to save up before they go, or look for some form of employment while travelling. For example, they may work on local farms or in local hotels. By doing so, they not only earn some money, but they are likely to meet local people and acquire some understanding of **their** culture.

There are some students who choose to work for the whole of their gap year. A number may decide to get work experience, either at home or abroad, in an area which they hope to make their career, such as medicine or computers. A large proportion of students are now choosing to work with a charity which arranges voluntary work in various parts of the world. The projects provide hands-on experience of a very varied nature, from teaching to helping build roads or dams.

The gap year is not just an adventure. Young people can benefit greatly from encountering new and varied experiences and from communication with a wide range of people. Perhaps most importantly, gap-year students have to learn to stand on their own two feet.

(Adapted from *Thematic Vocabulary & Comprehension* by Betty Kirkpatrick and Rebecca Mok)

**Question 15:** What could be the best title for the passage?

- A. Working for Life
- B. Taking Time Out
- C. Studying Overseas
- D. Contributing to the Community

**Question 16:** The word “**subsidize**” in paragraph 2 could be best replaced by \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. apply for
- B. work for
- C. ask for
- D. pay for

**Question 17:** The word “**their**” in paragraph 2 refers to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. local farms’
- B. local people’s
- C. gap-year students’
- D. local hotels’

**Question 18:** According to the passage, which of the following is **TRUE**?

- A. Students can take a gap year only before starting university.
- B. Most students consider a gap year as a chance to travel.

- C. None of the students choose to work for the whole of their gap year to get experience.
- D. The number of students taking a gap year between high school and university is falling.

**Question 19:** According to the passage, what is perhaps the most important benefit of students' taking a gap year?

- A. They learn how to become independent.
- B. They have an opportunity to meet local people.
- C. They receive practical training for their future careers.
- D. They earn money to support their further studies.

**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions from 20 to 21.**

**Question 20:** Her excellent communication skills gave her an edge over other job candidates.

- A. impediment
- B. motivation
- C. drawback
- D. advantage

**Question 21:** The company has tailored its marketing strategy to appeal to younger consumers.

- A. prompted
- B. adapted
- C. launched
- D. revealed

**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the sentence that best combines each pair of sentences in the following questions from 22 to 23.**

**Question 22:** You help me every day. I can finish my work easily.

- A. If it were not for your daily help, I couldn't finish my work easily.
- B. I could finish my work easily if you didn't help me every day.
- C. Unless you help me every day, I can finish my work easily.
- D. If you hadn't helped me every day, I couldn't have finished my work easily.

**Question 23:** Henry finished his lunch. He realized that he was allergic to one of the ingredients.

- A. Not until Henry realized that he was allergic to one of the ingredients did he finish his lunch.
- B. Only after Henry finished his lunch did he realize that he was allergic to one of the ingredients.
- C. If Henry hadn't finished his lunch, he would have realized that he was allergic to one of the ingredients.
- D. No sooner had Henry finished his lunch when he realized that he was allergic to one of the ingredients.

**Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions from 24 to 26.**

**Question 24:** The last time Michael cooked dinner for his family was two months ago.

- A. Michael didn't cook dinner for his family for two months.
- B. Michael hasn't cooked dinner for his family for two months.
- C. Michael started cooking dinner for his family two months ago.
- D. Michael has cooked dinner for his family for two months.

**Question 25:** "We have just launched our recycling project," said Amanda.

- A. Amanda said that they just launched their recycling project.
- B. Amanda said that we had just launched our recycling project.
- C. Amanda said that they have just launched their recycling project.
- D. Amanda said that they had just launched their recycling project.

**Question 26:** It's mandatory for competitors to check their body temperature prior to the game.

- A. Competitors should check their body temperature prior to the game.
- B. Competitors must check their body temperature prior to the game.
- C. Competitors don't have to check their body temperature prior to the game.
- D. Competitors would check their body temperature prior to the game.

**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of stress in each of the following questions from 27 to 28.**

**Question 27:** A. prefer      B. cancel      C. propose      D. design

**Question 28:** A. abundant      B. holiday      C. candidate      D. flexible

**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions from 29 to 43.**

**Question 29:** At 461 meters, Vincom Landmark 81 is currently \_\_\_\_\_ building in Vietnam.

- A. the taller
- B. the most tall
- C. the more tall
- D. the tallest

**Question 30:** Getting an adequate amount of sleep every night is \_\_\_\_\_ for maintaining our health.

- A. necessary
- B. necessity
- C. necessitate
- D. necessarily

**Question 31:** Deforestation becomes more and more serious, \_\_\_\_\_ floods or landslides every year.

- A. causes
- B. caused
- C. to cause
- D. causing

**Question 32:** Peter wants to be \_\_\_\_\_ astronaut when he grows up.

- A. an                      B. a                      C. the                      D. Ø (no article)
- Question 33:** There is a risk that teenagers can meet bad people online, as well as \_\_\_\_\_ harmful content.  
A. tell off                      B. turn up                      C. see off                      D. come across
- Question 34:** Students \_\_\_\_\_ with some essential skills for future career during this course.  
A. is equipped                      B. had equipped                      C. are equipping                      D. will be equipped
- Question 35:** Her consistent lateness may mean \_\_\_\_\_ her job if she doesn't improve her punctuality soon.  
A. lose                      B. losing                      C. to losing                      D. to lose
- Question 36:** Your friend didn't study modern European history at college, \_\_\_\_\_?  
A. did she                      B. doesn't she                      C. was she                      D. isn't she
- Question 37:** You'd better leave your son to his own \_\_\_\_\_; he has to be responsible for his decisions.  
A. appliances                      B. messages                      C. devices                      D. phones
- Question 38:** If we had been give a couple of days' \_\_\_\_\_ about the meeting, we would have been more organised.  
A. caution                      B. signal                      C. warning                      D. notice
- Question 39:** When I returned from work, my dad \_\_\_\_\_ chess with his childhood friends.  
A. was playing                      B. have played                      C. will be playing                      D. is playing
- Question 40:** We will go on holiday in Ha Long \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. when my husband will finish his project                      B. after my husband had finished his project  
C. as soon as my husband finishes his project                      D. before my husband finished his project
- Question 41:** School bullying victims often suffer in silence as they feel reporting a bully won't \_\_\_\_\_ a difference.  
A. cause                      B. do                      C. make                      D. be
- Question 42:** I was surprised \_\_\_\_\_ the way he behaved. It was completely out of character.  
A. about                      B. of                      C. at                      D. on
- Question 43:** The cashier detected the \_\_\_\_\_ money and immediately alerted the authorities.  
A. mock                      B. artificial                      C. fake                      D. counterfeit

**Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word and phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 44 to 48.**

#### WHAT IS HAPPINESS?

People have been asking this question for centuries, but only recently have scientists and psychologists joined the debate. Apparently, our genes play a big part in how happy we feel. And while money and material possessions can (44) \_\_\_\_\_ our spirits for a short time, it seems the real key to happiness is life experiences. Buying new clothes or the latest electronic device may make us feel on top of the world for a short time, but after a while, the feeling starts to fade. We get used to seeing our (45) \_\_\_\_\_ and our happiness loses its shine. What's more, we tend to compare ourselves to (46) \_\_\_\_\_ and if we see someone with a better or newer version of what we've bought, it can leave us down in the dumps. Life experiences, (47) \_\_\_\_\_, are more satisfying and bring more lasting happiness. Apart from the enjoyment of the actual experience, they give us memories (48) \_\_\_\_\_ we keep our whole lifetime. Life experiences bring us closer to people, too. So the next time you're tempted to spend money on material possessions, try saving the cash for a life experience instead. As you look back on your life, you'll be grateful.

(Adapted from *Gateway* by David Spencer and Gill Hooley)

- Question 44:** A. lift                      B. soar                      C. increase                      D. climb
- Question 45:** A. emotions                      B. abilities                      C. possessions                      D. backgrounds
- Question 46:** A. a little                      B. each                      C. almost                      D. others
- Question 47:** A. moreover                      B. on the other hand                      C. furthermore                      D. but
- Question 48:** A. whose                      B. that                      C. what                      D. where

**Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions from 49 to 50.**

- Question 49:** I found the movie completely engrossing from beginning to end. It's such a pity that you haven't seen it.  
A. embarrassing                      B. interesting                      C. daunting                      D. captivating
- Question 50:** I had to deliver an off-the-cuff speech in front of many people because the manager was suddenly taken ill and could not join the meeting.  
A. unscheduled                      B. calculated                      C. coordinated                      D. prepared

----- THE END -----

ĐÁP ÁN BÀI THI MÔN TIẾNG ANH

Câu	MÃ ĐỀ											
	401	402	403	404	405	406	407	408	409	410	411	412
1	C	C	C	B	D	D	A	C	A	C	D	A
2	A	B	D	A	D	D	B	B	B	A	B	A
3	C	D	C	C	A	D	A	B	B	D	A	C
4	C	B	C	C	C	B	D	B	B	C	D	B
5	A	D	C	A	A	A	C	B	A	D	A	B
6	A	A	B	B	D	C	A	A	B	C	D	C
7	D	D	D	D	D	D	B	B	D	A	D	B
8	A	D	A	B	B	C	D	C	D	D	D	A
9	B	C	B	A	C	A	D	B	B	B	D	D
10	D	A	D	C	C	D	B	C	D	D	A	D
11	C	C	B	D	B	C	D	A	C	B	A	C
12	D	A	B	C	D	C	A	A	A	C	A	C
13	C	D	A	C	D	D	D	D	A	D	C	B
14	C	B	C	A	C	B	C	C	C	B	A	B
15	B	B	B	C	A	C	B	D	A	B	B	D
16	D	C	A	B	B	B	C	D	B	A	D	C
17	B	C	B	A	C	A	A	B	D	C	B	D
18	B	B	A	A	A	A	D	D	A	B	C	D
19	A	D	C	D	B	C	D	D	D	A	A	C
20	D	C	A	A	C	A	B	A	D	B	B	A
21	B	C	C	B	A	B	A	B	C	B	B	C
22	A	A	C	C	C	B	B	A	C	D	C	C
23	B	C	A	C	C	C	C	D	B	B	C	C
24	B	D	C	D	A	B	C	A	B	D	A	A
25	D	D	A	A	A	A	C	D	D	A	D	B
26	B	C	D	D	B	A	A	B	C	A	C	A
27	B	B	A	B	A	D	A	B	A	C	B	C
28	A	C	D	B	D	B	A	A	C	C	A	D
29	D	C	A	C	C	C	C	C	D	A	C	C
30	A	B	D	D	A	A	B	A	B	C	D	B
31	D	B	D	C	D	B	A	C	D	A	B	C
32	A	D	B	A	B	D	B	C	D	C	A	B
33	D	C	A	D	B	B	B	A	D	C	D	B
34	D	A	C	B	A	D	A	C	B	B	B	B
35	B	A	D	B	B	A	B	A	A	A	A	C
36	A	B	B	A	B	A	D	A	B	C	C	A
37	C	C	C	A	A	A	D	D	C	B	D	D
38	D	A	B	D	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	D
39	A	D	C	B	B	A	C	D	C	A	A	A
40	C	A	D	D	D	D	B	D	A	C	C	A
41	C	A	D	A	D	C	B	C	A	B	C	B
42	C	B	B	B	D	D	D	C	A	D	B	A
43	D	A	C	D	C	C	C	D	C	D	C	D
44	A	C	B	C	C	C	A	C	B	D	C	D
45	C	B	A	B	B	C	C	A	A	D	C	B
46	D	D	D	D	B	B	D	D	A	A	B	C
47	B	D	C	A	D	D	B	B	D	C	D	D
48	B	B	A	D	C	B	C	B	C	A	B	A
49	C	A	D	C	A	B	D	D	B	D	B	A
50	D	A	B	A	A	C	B	D	C	B	C	D

Câu	MÃ ĐỀ											
	413	414	415	416	417	418	419	420	421	422	423	424
1	A	A	D	A	C	C	B	A	C	C	D	A
2	A	A	A	C	B	C	C	D	A	B	C	C
3	D	C	C	A	C	A	B	C	C	B	C	A
4	B	B	B	D	D	D	B	B	B	C	D	B
5	C	C	D	C	A	B	D	B	A	A	B	A
6	C	A	C	D	B	D	C	A	D	D	A	D
7	A	C	D	C	D	C	A	C	A	C	A	C
8	D	B	B	C	A	C	B	A	A	D	C	A
9	C	A	D	D	D	D	D	A	D	A	D	B
10	B	D	A	B	D	B	B	C	A	A	C	D
11	C	B	C	C	C	C	A	A	A	B	D	C
12	C	B	C	D	D	B	D	D	B	C	D	A
13	D	A	C	A	C	A	A	C	C	D	A	B
14	B	C	D	A	B	B	D	D	A	A	B	A
15	A	A	B	C	A	D	C	D	B	D	B	D
16	D	D	B	B	A	B	B	D	C	A	B	D
17	B	D	A	D	D	A	B	B	C	D	A	B
18	A	D	C	A	B	C	B	A	B	A	B	C
19	C	B	B	B	D	B	D	C	D	B	B	A
20	D	A	A	A	C	D	D	A	A	D	D	D
21	C	C	A	B	A	B	D	A	D	C	B	A
22	A	C	B	C	A	A	C	B	B	D	B	D
23	B	C	D	B	C	D	C	C	A	C	A	D
24	A	A	D	B	D	D	A	B	A	C	C	C
25	B	A	A	A	C	A	B	C	D	B	A	C
26	A	A	C	D	A	D	C	D	C	C	A	B
27	C	B	A	B	C	C	C	B	A	B	A	D
28	A	A	A	C	A	B	D	B	D	C	B	A
29	A	B	D	C	B	B	B	D	A	D	A	D
30	D	D	C	C	A	B	C	B	C	B	B	C
31	D	A	B	D	A	D	A	A	D	A	D	D
32	B	D	B	B	D	A	C	C	B	D	C	B
33	C	C	B	B	B	A	D	D	A	A	D	C
34	B	C	D	D	C	C	B	B	C	A	C	B
35	D	C	B	C	C	C	D	B	D	C	C	C
36	A	B	A	A	B	A	A	A	D	D	D	B
37	B	A	A	C	C	B	C	A	D	A	A	B
38	D	D	C	D	B	B	A	B	B	B	D	D
39	C	D	B	B	C	D	D	D	C	A	B	D
40	C	D	A	B	D	C	A	C	B	B	D	D
41	B	D	D	A	B	A	B	D	B	D	D	B
42	D	A	D	A	B	A	B	C	C	B	B	C
43	D	D	C	B	D	D	A	C	A	B	A	C
44	C	C	B	D	C	C	A	C	B	B	C	A
45	D	B	B	D	A	D	C	D	D	C	D	B
46	A	B	C	D	C	B	B	B	C	D	A	D
47	D	B	A	D	D	A	C	A	B	A	C	C
48	D	D	A	A	B	A	A	D	C	B	C	B
49	B	C	C	B	B	C	D	C	D	C	C	A
50	B	B	D	A	A	B	A	C	B	B	D	A